Тема: Кіномистецтво.

Карп’юк О.Д. Англійська мова:Підручник для 10 класу загальноосвітніх навчальних закладів. Рівень стандарту. - Тернопіль: Видавництво «Лібра Терра», 2013. -224с.: іл.

**Vocabulary Actualization**

Cinema combines different arts. That’s why people of different professions are involved in film making. You can see the Scrambled Words on the cards. 8 professions are hidden in it. Your task is to make up the names of the professions and write down on your sheets of paper.

***Складіть слова, що позначають професії зі змішаних букв і записують на листах.***

The Scrambled Words

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Scrambled Word | Correct Variant |
| 1 Amreac  |  |
| 2 Cotar  |  |
| 3 kaem-up  |  |
| 4 drictoer  |  |
| 5 pordurec  |  |
| 6 tusnt  |  |
| 7 сspirt  |  |
| 8 esasctr  |  |
| 9 csueomt rengised  |  |
| 10 suond |  |
| 11 eidotr |  |

**2. Reading.** /Текст для читання з детальним розумінням. **Genres of films**

2.1 Pre-reading activities.

 I’m sure everybody likes films. You might know that Americans call films “movies”. There are a lot of movie genres. Let’s recollect some of them. So, what movie genres do you remember?

*Gangster*

*Comedy*

*Detective*

*Musical*

*Western*

*Horror movie*

*Documentary*

*Science fiction*

*Тhriller*

*Animated movie*

**2.2 Read the text and try to mark words characterizing each genre.**

Now Showing

 Hollywood in Southern California is the movie capital of the world. Many films have been made there, and the genres, or kinds, have changed often.

From the early-to-mid 1930’s, movie-goers got a look at the people involved in crime and their violent activities by watching gangster movies. After all this violence, people needed to laugh, so from the mid –to-late 1930’s, comedies became very popular.

In the 1940’s, many detective movies about policemen who solved crimes were made. Then came musicals, in which the story was told in songs and dance.

Musicals were especially popular in the late ‘40’s and early ‘50’s, but the mid-fiftieth, this light-hearted genre was competing with films about more serious subjects. There was one kind that could be found throughout all of these eras, and that was the western, films about America’s cowboys, Indians and early settlers.

Since the early ‘60’s, movie-goers have had a variety of movies to choose from. There are, for example, horror movies about people who encounter frightening, unnatural situations. There are also serious films such as documentaries about events that have actually happened, and science fiction movies about possible future events and future worlds. Some people have also enjoyed watching psycho-dramas about the everyday problems that people have.

Of course, no list of films would be complete without animated movies, which tell stories through a series of colourful drawings. These are especially popular among children.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Movie** | **Movie genre** | **Characteristics** |
|  | Gangster |  |
|  | Comedy |  |
|  | Detective |  |
|  | Musical |  |
|  | Western |  |
|  | Horror movie |  |
|  | Documentary |  |
|  | Science fiction |  |
|  | Psycho-drama |  |
|  | Animated movie |  |

**3. Grammar - Passive Voice.**

***Translate the sentences using Present Simple Active or Present Simple Passive.***

1. Він щодня розповідає цікаві новини.

2. Йому щодня розповідають цікаві новини.

3. Я часто надсилаю своїм друзям подарунки.

4. Мене часто посилають у відрядження.

5. Я завжди хвалю моїх друзів.

6. Мене часто хвалять вдома.

7. Кожні вихідні мама показує нам нові мультфільми.

6. Кожні вихідні татові показують нові журнали.

9. Ми часто згадуємо вас.

10. Нас часто згадують у вашому місті.

**Topic 2: Theatre**

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**Мовний матеріал**: a stage, to announce, dramatic, admiration, an operetta, a tragedy

**Вправи**

p. 186 ex.1, p.187 ex.2, AB p.80 ex.6, 9 p.191 SB ex.5

**1. Answer the questions:**

- Do you like theatre?

- Do you agree that theatre is very popular nowadays? Why?

Theatre is a place where you can see a play staged. It is also one of entertainments. We are to admit that theatre is not popular now as it used to be. But there are still hundreds of theatres where the audiences are exited at the prospect of seeing a play and the actors are most encouraged by the warm reception. What words come to mind when you pronounce the word "theatre'? - **Make up the Mind Map on the topic.**

**2.** **Do ex.2, p. 171-172**

**3. Speaking**

*Look through the textbook, p.18-183 study the advertisements and say what would you choose to see. (use in you answers – I’d like to see … because…, I prefer to see …. because… )*

- What do you think what is the main difference between the theatre and the cinema?

- What causes more emotions, the theatre or the cinema? Why?

- What performances do these people like or dislike?

 - Now tell me what theatrical genre do you like or dislike. Why?

**4. Read the information on p.187 ex.2.5.Look at the opinions above once more. How do the people show that they really like or dislike theatrical genres?**

**5. Grammar**

***Fill in the blanks with the passive voice of the verb in parentheses ( ). Use the past tense.***

**1.** Mickey Mouse ­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Walt Disney.

 *(create)*

**2.** The movie projector \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Thomas Edison.

 *(invent)*

**3.** *Romeo and Juliet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* by William Shakespeare in 1595.

 *(write)*

**4.** Romeo and Juliet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into a movie in 1968.

 *(make)*

**5.** *My Heart Will Go On\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* by Celine Dion.

 *(sing)*

**6.** *Star Wars \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* by George Lucas.

 *(direct)*

**6. Reading** the information about Ukrainian theatres.

***Before reading task:***

- What famous theatres can you name?

- have we got any theaters in our town?

- How often do you visit the theatre?

- What do you like best about the theatre?

- Did you try yourself on the stage?

 VOCABULARY

to arise [ə'raɪz] (arose) — виникати, з'являтися

to witness ['wɪtnɪs] — бути свідком (чогось), бачити performance [pə'fɔ:məns] — вистава, спектакль

magician [mə'dʒɪʃ(ə)n] — чарівник

toestablish [ɪs'tæblɪʃ] — засновувати, створювати

to remove [rɪ'mu:v] — усувати, звільняти, виганяти

to commemorate [kə'meməreɪt] — шанувати пам'ять, відзначати (подію)

to head [hed] — очолювати

**THEATRE**

 Theatrical art in Ukraine arose from ancient folk plays, dances, songs, and ceremonies. The 18th century witnessed the birth of theatre companies, which performed in either Russian or Polish. Theatres were built in Kyiv (1806), in Odessa (1809) and in Poltava (1810) where I. Kotliarevsky became a theatre director. Here he produced his own performances ("Natalka-Poltavka", "Moscovite-Magician"),which were the first Ukrainian-language plays to be staged.

 The first professional Ukrainian theatre was founded in 1864 in Western Ukraine. In Eastern Ukraine M. Kropyvnytsky established the first professional theatre in 1881.

 In the early 20th century the famous avantgarde theatre director Les' Kurbas with a troupe of talented actors formed the "Berezil" Theatre (1922—1933) in Kharkiv. In 1933 Kurbas was removed from the theatre and later arrested. To commemorate Kurbas and his theatre, a theatre festival "Berezillia" takes place annually in Kyiv.

 Today Ukraine has 91 professional theatres, including drama, opera, and puppet theatres.

 An outstanding event in Ukrainian and world ballet took place on the stage of the National Opera in Kyiv: the first Serge Lifar' International Dance Contest (June 1994). Born in Kyiv, Serge Lifar' is a world-renowned choreographer who for more than 30 years headed the troupe of the legendary Grand Opera of Paris and the French Dance Academy in Paris.

***Answer the QUESTIONS***

1. What did the theatrical art in Ukraine arise from ?

2. What languages did the theatrical companies perform in ?

3. What cities were theatres built in ?

4. When was the first professional Ukrainian theatre founded?

5. Who established the first professional theatre in 1881?

6. What can you say about Les' Kurbas ?

7. How many professional theatres are there in Ukraine today?

**My Last Visit in the Theatre**

As for me I like theatre very much, especially, The Ivan Franko Ukrainian Drama Theatre.

I highly appreciate the cast of this theatre. I like the traditional scenery, skill-made costumes. And, of course, it's very important what plays are in the repertoire. The Kyiv Ukrainian Drama Theatre always chooses the plays for its repertoire very thoroughly.

Sometimes it is very difficult to get tickets to the performance.

Not long ago I visited The Ukrainian Drama Theatre, where I saw the play "The Pious Martha" by the Spanish playwright Lope de Vega.

The leading parts in the performance were played by the well-known actors. Generally speaking this production has an excellent cast.

This time our seats were in the sec¬ond row of the pit. Before the beginning of the performance we bought a bill.

There is a lot of music in this production. But what I especially enjoyed in this performance was the sense of humour which permeated the whole performance.

I consider it was one of the best performances I have seen this season.

There are not many theatres in my town, but they are all very popular with the public. I am a theatre lover, too. As for me, I prefer drama to all other theatres, but I also like opera and musical comedy. I’ll never forget my first visit to the Opera and Ballet Theatre. My friend and I wanted to see the famous ballet “Swan Lake” by Tchaikovskyi. We bought the tickets in advance and came to the theatre half an hour before the show. At 7 sharp the performance began. From the very first minute I was deeply impressed by everything I saw on the stage. The costumes were fine. The dancing and music were thrilling. The ballet seemed to me a fairy-tale. I had never seen anything more wonderful.

My friend also enjoyed every minute of it. When the curtain fell at the end of the performance, there came a storm of applause. It seemed that it would never end. The dancers received call after call. They were presented with large bouquets of flowers. We also applauded enthusiastically. The performance was a great success.

**Vocabulary:**

• swan [swo:n] — лебідь

• to impress [lm'pres] — вражати, уражати

• enthusiastically ['in,0ju:zi'cestikali] — із захватом

• to enjoy ['іпсізої] — отримувати задоволення, насолоджуватися

• success [sa'kses] — успіх

**Questions:**

• What role does the theatre play in our life?

• Are you fond of ballet?

• Where do you prefer to sit at the theatre?

• What is your favourite play (opera, ballet)?

• Which theatre do you prefer?